

Meantime Mr J C G W Scott's Cork to convey them great Southern and they joined the 3.30 for Liverpool, via and of Trade Office, ident, Cork Sailors' way Station to give

those on board the e were five fatalities and one to drowning, , third engineer ; Mr of Steward Malcolm, Williams.

ymric was Captain Eger, Mr C R Tyson; Pope ; third officer, arge of the lifeboats, y of them Amongst onular passengers," oms by the British ymric sailed from.

## at Holyhead.

survivors of the l at Holyhead to-day Officers stated that thout warning, and at no one aboard saw

## SALE.

### ural Hall.

H Bros. Auctioneers, Modern Furniture, and China, for the ell, and others. As and valuable lots, it on from connoisseurs m not alone the city aces, and the spacious ng the sale. In spite was unusually good choice lots, and s were realised. itams sold were— ct, £45 6s 7; 6 in- ; inlaid walnut case case do, with brass len candlesticks, £4 es, £3 10s; Pair of air of Crown Derby l; Doulton jug £1; mounted horn mug, orks from 9s 6d to 4s ving, "The Storm," l engravings, "The coloured engraving, ; pair of coloured ements" and "The some minatures, £2

Inspector A Gray, who was severely wounded in the arms during the engagement with the rebels near Ashbourne on 28th April.

## Executions Stayed

### Commons Debate To-Day.

The Prime Minister, in Parliament yesterday, promised to give an opportunity for a debate to-day on the execution of rebels in Dublin. Mean- while executions would cease.

## Trial of Sir Roger Casement.

It has been arranged that the case against Sir Roger Casement will be commenced at Bow Street, London, on Monday, before Sir John Dickinson, who will continue the hearing from day to day.

## Shooting of Mr Sheehy-Skeffington.

Mr Asquith, in the House of Commons yesterday said that with regard to the case of Mr Sheehy-Skeffington, he had received a telegram from Sir John Maxwell saying that Mr Skeffington was shot on the morning of April 26th without the knowledge of the military authorities, and that the matter was under investigation. The officer who had directed the shooting had been under arrest since May 6th, and directions had been given to bring his case before a courtmartial.

## Shot Dead in a Bedroom.

### County Limerick Girl's Sad Fate.

Miss Janie Costello, shorthand writer and typist, who was shot dead while raising a bedroom window in her lodgings in Dublin on April 27th, was a native of Glenfield, Kilmallock. A friend of hers, Miss K Lewis, who witnessed the tragic incident, states that Miss Costello was shot through the lungs, turned round and said: "I'm shot; oh, Katie, I'm done," and fell lifeless.

"I know she felt no pain," says Miss Lewis; "her face was as peaceful as though she were asleep. I seem turned to stone since I left her behind me in Glasnevin, but I am certain of one thing—she is in Heaven. She was at Holy Communion a few days before she died. She was after making a Novena, and she died a martyr's death."

## Worse Than Gallipoli.

A soldier who witnessed the development and climax of the rising states that he was also in the landing at Suvli Bay, and if he were asked which was the most thrilling he would say it was his Dublin experience. "In the Gallipoli campaign," he declares, "we knew what we were in for, but the fighting in the Irish capital was so promi- nous and so erratic, and the snipers were operating from so many quarters that you never knew when a stray bullet would find a victim."

conflict, and our sincere desire that they may be comforted with the comfort of God. We are profoundly thankful that such speedy and energetic steps were taken to quell the insurrection and rejoice to know that law and order are again restored. We would urge upon all the necessities at this time of world-conflict to be much in prayer that God may speedily intervene, and, by granting a decisive victory to our arms and the arms of our Allies, bring peace again. We affirm our unswerving loyalty to the Throne and Constitution and with deep sincerity pray—"God save the King."

## Methodist Church.

At the meeting of the Dublin District Synod of the Methodist Church, the following resolution was unanimously passed—"The Dublin Synod of the Methodist Church desires to express its grief and shame that a wicked and foolish insurrection should have taken place in Dublin, causing great loss of life and property, and the destruction of a considerable part of our beautiful city, and its thankfulness that by swift and strong measures the insurrection has been quelled. It is gratified that the great majority of our citizens and countrymen had no sympathy with the disloyal movement, and that the Irish regiment at home as well as abroad could be relied upon to do their duty with courage and self-sacrifice. The Synod deeply sympathises with the military, the police, and civilians who have suffered during the fight, and with the friends of those who have lost their lives. It desires once more to record its wholehearted loyalty to the King and Constitution, as its earnest hope that the law will be administered firmly without fear or favour, and that justice may be tempered with mercy in dealing with the ignorant and youthful followers of the insurrectionary leaders."

## GOVERNMENT ACTION.

### Appointment of Commission of Inquiry

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr Asquith informed Mr W O'Brien that the Government proposed to set up a Commission of Inquiry into the cause of the recent outbreak of rebellion in Ireland, and into the conduct of a degree of responsibility of the Civil and Military Executive in Ireland in connection therewith. The Committee would be—

Lord Haringe, of Penshurst (late Viceroy of India), Chairman,

Mr Justice Shearman, and

Sir MacGenzie Chalmers (late Under-Secretary to the Home Office).

Replying to a number of questions bearing on this point,

The Prime Minister said that it did not seem him feasible to undertake at this moment a inquiry into the whole matter of the cause of Irish discontent and of Irish administration. That was, in his opinion, no conceivable tribunal for this country capable of adequately investigating it. It was therefore a question of limiting the inquiry to the scope stated or having no inquiry at all.

Limerick branch of held at 17 Thomas 0 p.m.